Stable Marriage Problem

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In this section, we consider an interesting version of bipartite matching called the stable marriage problem. Consider a set $Y = \{m_1, m_2, \ldots, m_n\}$ of *n* men and a set $X = \{w_1, w_2, \ldots, w_n\}$ of *n* women. Each man has a preference list ordering the women as potential marriage partners with no ties allowed. Similarly, each woman has a preference list of the men, also with no ties. Examples of these two

men's preferences			women's preferences			ra	ranking matrix				
	1st	2nd	3rd		1st	2nd	3rd		Ann	Lea	Sue
Bob:	Lea	Ann	Sue	Ann:	Jim	Tom	Bob	Bob	2,3	1,2	3,3
Jim:	Lea	Sue	Ann	Lea:	Tom	Bob	Jim	Jim	3,1	1,3	2,1
Tom:	Sue	Lea	Ann	Sue:	Jim	Tom	Bob	Tom	3,2	2,1	1,2
(a)				(t)			(c)		

• A *marriage matching M is a set of n (m, w) pairs whose members are selected* from disjoint n-element sets Y and X in a one-one fashion, i.e., each man m from Y is paired with exactly one woman w from X and vice versa.

 A pair (m, w), where m ∈ Y, w ∈ X, is said to be a blocking pair for a marriage matching M if man m and woman w are not matched in M but they prefer each other to their mates in M.

• A marriage matching M is called *stable if there is no blocking* pair for it; otherwise, M is called *unstable*.

• The *stable marriage problem* is to find a stable marriage matching for men's and women's given preferences.

Stable marriage algorithm

Input: A set of *n* men and a set of *n* women along with rankings of the women by each man and rankings of the men by each woman with no ties allowed in the rankings

Output: A stable marriage matching

Step 0 Start with all the men and women being free.

Step 1 While there are free men, arbitrarily select one of them and do the following:

Proposal The selected free man *m* proposes to *w*, the next woman on his preference list (who is the highest-ranked woman who has not rejected him before).

Response If w is free, she accepts the proposal to be matched with m. If she is not free, she compares m with her current mate. If she prefers m to him, she accepts m's proposal, making her former mate free; otherwise, she simply rejects m's proposal, leaving mfree.

Step 2 Return the set of n matched pairs.

Free men: Bob, Jim, Tom	Bob Jim Tom	Ann 2, 3 3, 1 3, 2	Lea 1,2 1, 3 2, 1	Sue 3, 3 2, 1 1, 2	Bob proposed to Lea Lea accepted
Free men: Jim, Tom	Bob	Ann 2, 3 3, 1 3, 2	Lea <u>1,2</u> <u>1,3</u> <u>2,1</u>	Sue 3, 3 2, 1 1, 2	Jim proposed to Lea Lea rejected
Free men: Jim, Tom	Bob Jim Tom	Ann 2, 3 3, 1 3, 2	Lea 1,2 1, 3 2, 1	Sue 3, 3 2,1 1, 2	Jim proposed to Sue Sue accepted
Free men: Tom		Ann 2, 3 3, 1 3, 2	Lea 1,2 1, 3 2, 1	Sue 3, 3 2,1 1, 2	Tom proposed to Sue Sue rejected
Free men: Tom		Ann 2, 3 3, 1 3, 2	Lea 1, 2 1, 3 2,1	Sue 3, 3 2,1 1, 2	Tom proposed to Lea Lea replaced Bob with Tom
Free men: Bob	Bob Jim Tom	Ann 2,3 3, 1 3, 2	Lea 1, 2 1, 3 2,1	Sue 3, 3 2,1 1, 2	Bob proposed to Ann Ann accepted

FIGURE 10.12 Application of the stable marriage algorithm. An accepted proposal is indicated by a boxed cell; a rejected proposal is shown by an underlined cell.

	woman 1	woman 2	
man 1	1,2	2, 1	
man 2	2,1	1, 2	

Men proposing version, women proposing

Free men: α, β, γ	$\begin{array}{ccccccc} A & B & C \\ \alpha & \hline 1,3 & 2,2 & 3,1 \\ \beta & 3,1 & 1,3 & 2,2 \\ \gamma & 2,2 & 3,1 & 1,3 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \text{ proposed to } A \\ A \text{ accepted} \end{array}$
Free men: β, γ	$\begin{array}{cccccccc} A & B & C \\ \alpha & \hline 1,3 & 2,2 & 3,1 \\ \beta & 3,1 & \hline 1,3 & 2,2 \\ \gamma & 2,2 & 3,1 & 1,3 \end{array}$	β proposed to B B accepted
Free men: γ	$\begin{array}{ccccccc} A & B & C \\ \alpha & 1,3 & 2,2 & 3,1 \\ \beta & 3,1 & 1,3 & 2,2 \\ \gamma & 2,2 & 3,1 & 1,3 \end{array}$	γ proposed to C C accepted

The (man-optimal) stable marriage matching is $M = \{(\alpha, A), (\beta, B), (\gamma, C)\}.$

Free women: A, B, C	$\begin{array}{cccccc} A & B & C \\ \alpha & 1,3 & 2,2 & 3,1 \\ \beta & \overline{3,1} & 1,3 & 2,2 \\ \gamma & 2,2 & 3,1 & 1,3 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} A \text{ proposed to } \beta \\ \beta \text{ accepted} \end{array}$
Free women: B, C	$\begin{array}{ccccccc} A & B & C \\ \alpha & 1,3 & 2,2 & 3,1 \\ \beta & 3,1 & 1,3 & 2,2 \\ \gamma & 2,2 & 3,1 & 1,3 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} B \text{ proposed to } \gamma \\ \gamma \text{ accepted} \end{array}$
Free women: C	$\begin{array}{ccccccc} A & B & C \\ \alpha & 1,3 & 2,2 & 3,1 \\ \beta & 3,1 & 1,3 & 2,2 \\ \gamma & 2,2 & 3,1 & 1,3 \end{array}$	C proposed to α α accepted

(woman-optimal) stable marriage matching is $M = \{(\beta, A), (\gamma, B), (\alpha, C)\}.$

iteration 1 Free men: $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta$					
	A	B	C	D	
α	1,3	2, 3	3, 2	4, 3	
β	1, 4	4, 1	3, 4	2, 2	
γ	2, 2	1, 4	3, 3	4, 1	
δ	4, 1	2, 2	3, 1	1, 4	
$\alpha \text{ pro}$	oposed	to A ;	A ac	cepted	

iteration 3					
	Free men: β, γ, δ				
	A	B	C	D	
α	1,3	2, 3	3, 2	4, 3	
β	1, 4	4,1	3,4	2,2	
γ	2, 2	1, 4	3, 3	4, 1	
δ	4, 1	2, 2	3, 1	1, 4	
β pr	oposed	to D	; D as	cepted	

iteration 1	iteration 2			
Free men: $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta$	Free men: β , γ , δ			
A B C D	A B C D			
α 1,3 2,3 3,2 4,3	α 1,3 2,3 3,2 4,3			
$\beta \ \overline{1,4} \ 4,1 \ 3,4 \ 2,2$	$\beta 1,4 4,1 3,4 2,2$			
$\gamma = 2, 2 = 1, 4 = 3, 3 = 4, 1$	$\gamma \overline{2,2} 1,4 3,3 4,1$			
δ 4,1 2,2 3,1 1,4	δ 4,1 2,2 3,1 1,4			
α proposed to A; A accepted	β proposed to $A;A$ rejected			
iteration 3	iteration 4			

iteration 3	iteration 4
Free men: β, γ, δ	Free men: γ, δ
A B C D	A B C D
α 1,3 2,3 3,2 4,3	α 1,3 2,3 3,2 4,3
β 1,4 4,1 3,4 2,2	$eta \ 1,4 \ 4,1 \ 3,4 \ 2,2$
γ 2,2 1,4 3,3 4,1	$\gamma = 2, 2 = 1, 4 = 3, 3 = 4, 1$
$\delta = 4, 1 = 2, 2 = 3, 1 = 1, 4$	δ 4,1 2,2 3,1 1,4
β proposed to $D;D$ accepted	γ proposed to $B;B$ accepted

iteration 5	iteration 6
Free men: δ	Free men: δ
A B C D	A B C D
α $\boxed{1,3}$ $2,3$ $3,2$ $4,3$	$\alpha \boxed{1,3} 2,3 3,2 4,3$
β $1,4$ $4,1$ $3,4$ $\boxed{2,2}$	$\beta 1,4 4,1 3,4 \boxed{2,2}$
γ $2,2$ $\boxed{1,4}$ $3,3$ $4,1$	$\gamma 2,2 1,4 3,3 4,1$
δ $4,1$ $2,2$ $3,1$ $\underbrace{1,4}$	$\delta 4,1 \boxed{2,2} 3,1 1,4$
δ proposed to D ; D rejected	δ proposed to B ; B replaced γ with δ
iteration 7	iteration 8
Free men: γ	Free men: α
A B C D	A B C D
$\alpha 1,3 2,3 3,2 4,3$	α 1,3 2,3 3,2 4,3
$\beta 1,4 4,1 3,4 2,2$	β 1,4 4,1 3,4 2,2
$\gamma 2,2 1,4 3,3 4,1$	γ 2,2 1,4 3,3 4,1
$\delta 4,1 2,2 3,1 1,4$	δ 4,1 2,2 3,1 1,4
proposed to A ; A replaced α with γ	α proposed to B ; B rejected
iteration 9 Free men: α A B C D $\alpha 1,3 2,3 3,2 4,3$ $\beta 1,4 4,1 3,4 2,2$ $\gamma 2,2 1,4 3,3 4,1$ $\delta 4,1 2,2 3,1 1,4$ $\alpha \text{ proposed to } C; C \text{ accepted}$	Free men: none $M = \{(\alpha, C), (\beta, D), (\gamma, A), (\delta, B)\}$

a. in the worst case.b. in the best case.